

## ALLIES' CAUSE SURE TO WIN, SAYS VIVIANI

Declares France Will  
Fight Until Outraged  
Justice Is Revenged.

## DISCORD FORGOTTEN AT CALL OF DUTY

Finance Minister Ribot Asserts  
Nation Has Ample Re-  
sources for War.

Paris, Oct. 14.—"Since France and her allies, in spite of their attachment to peace, were obliged to suffer war, they will prosecute it to the end, and their intimate union will assure the final victory that the world feels is inevitable and that it awaits in the interest of the liberty of peoples and of civilization."

Victor Augagneur, Minister of Marine, declares that the German fleet is quite as effectively annihilated as if it were sunk. "It is powerless and useless," he says. "Consequently our country is repaid a hundredfold for its material sacrifices to increase the strength of its navy."

"France is not a country to be preyed upon," he continues. "She will not lay down her arms until after she has reaped the fruits of justice, consolidated peace with the Fatherland, the provinces ravaged by force, restored heroic Belgium and broken Prussian militarism, to reconstruct upon a foundation of right a regenerated Europe."

World's Liberty Defended.  
"Believing in our social, political and religious division, our enemies imagined this country's elements irreconcilable. What did they see? Workmen, employers, artisans, peasants, rich and poor men of all parties, all religious beliefs, offering to sacrifice themselves, all fulfilling their duty in defending the territory as in the hour of revolution, in defending the liberty of the world. All understood that the most humble is useful to the Fatherland; that from the general-in-chief, whose admirable sang froid compels the admiration of the world, to the very humblest, each has an indispensable role. The glory is for all; its light illuminates every forehead."

"It is not only to our army, whose heroism is guided by incomparable chiefs, that we owe victory; it is also to the nation that has been able to accompany that heroism with a union of silence and serenity in critical hours. If these hours seem long, let us continue to think of our country and everything will be easy for us."

No Lack of Resources.  
Finance Minister Ribot, in the same issue of the magazine, speaking of the influence of finances on the war, will say: "France will not lack resources to sustain her effort in this war that she did not seek, but that she is determined to pursue without flinching. As far as concerns finances, she can look upon the prolongation of hostilities"

## TEUTONS THROW RUSSIANS BACK ACROSS STRIPA

Offensive on Rumanian  
Front Is Checked,  
Says Berlin.

## FRICITION FORCED DELCASSE OUT

Retired French Minister  
Blamed for Failure of  
Balkan Policy.

Paris, Oct. 14.—Theophile Delcasse, the French Foreign Minister, who retired yesterday, in his letter of resignation did not invoke poor health as the reason for leaving the Cabinet, but rather dissensions between himself and other Ministers in regard to French foreign policy, says the "Radical." Premier Viviani refused yesterday to read this letter to the Chamber of Deputies.

The resignation of M. Delcasse has had a profound effect on the French public, although it had been known for some time that there was friction between him and the rest of the Cabinet. The press generally abstains from comment, but what little is said is hostile to the retiring Minister. Writers blame him for the failure of the Balkan policy and charge that he is trying to shift the burden of responsibility on his former colleagues instead of trying to find a remedy for mistakes. His illness is regarded as a diplomatic character.

Berlin, Oct. 14.—(By wire) to Tuckerton, N. J.—"Berlin newspapers comment briefly on the resignation of Foreign Minister Delcasse of France, of whom they speak as one of the men responsible for the war," says the Overseas News Agency. "The Vossische Zeitung" states that M. Delcasse is attempting to save his face by utilizing the Salonica question as a pretext for resigning, whereas in reality the general failure of his Balkan policy and the case of his disappearance from politics."

"The newspapers point out that the illness of M. Delcasse followed closely the breaking down of the Balkan policy of the Quadruple Entente and the Dardanelles action."

## Baltic Sails for New York.

(By Cable to The Tribune.)  
London, Oct. 14.—The Baltic sailed for New York to-day with fifty saloon passengers, including Mrs. A. B. Barrows, W. E. Faulkner, H. F. Hartwell-Moore and E. C. Harrison. All have just returned from France. Other passengers are Captain D. S. Anderson, Captain J. W. Batchelor, Captain Clarke, Mrs. Despard, sister of Sir John French; Herbert Heather, C. A. King, Andrew B. McCreery and Alfred Mosely, famous educationalist.

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are robbed of effective power in the south. The painful, piecemeal operations in the swampy region between the Kovel-Rovno and Rovno-Sarny railways have been thrown into the shade by the conspicuous success of the Russians in Galicia. The Austrians and Germans have been laboriously moving troops by round about routes, patching up the armies here, diluting the Germans with Austrians there, fortifying the narrow possibilities of waging cheerless warfare against the weather, the Cossacks and the quagmires, only to find their energies frittered away in a vain struggle.

Von Mackensen was called away to the Serbian front and took some of his troops with him. Linsingen took his place as commander of the group of armies and had to do his best with what was left, filling up the gaps with Austria's reserves and hampered by the necessity of keeping a strong force in Galicia in view of the Balkan situation. But just at a critical moment Ivanoff wrested the initiative from his hands and pierced his front on the Stripa, and, hacking about with sabres, put the defenders to flight.

Linsingen now has no choice. He must use all his available forces to prevent defeat turning into disaster, to check the outflanking of Von Bothmer's army. There are but a few days left for the prospect of further attempts to advance on Rovno. The deadlock that held together two lengths of the chain of Austro-German armies in Galicia is broken.

The Russian cavalry has rushed into the breach and is galloping through three lines of Germans. No more troops can be detached from the Galician front for the Serbian campaign. It may even be necessary to evacuate Austrian reserves destined for Serbia to the Galician front.

Thus, apart from the direct aid which Russia will give the Serbians in the junction with the Allies, she is rendering in Galicia a very important indirect service toward the elucidation of the Balkan situation.

## SUBMARINES SINK BALTIK STEAMERS

Five German Ships Reported  
Prey of British—Seven-  
teen Missing.

Washington, Oct. 14.—State Department advises to-day from Sweden reported five German vessels sunk in the Baltic Sea by submarines. No details were given.

News dispatches have reported that a British submarine had inflicted a great loss on the German mercantile fleet in the Baltic.

London, Oct. 14.—Seventeen German ocean liners, which would be the Baltic Sea are missing, according to a Stockholm dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company. They are believed to have been sunk by British submarines. British papers have republished from American and other neutral papers various estimates of the number of German submarines sunk by the British, but so far the Admiralty has authorized no figures or estimates of its own, contenting itself with the explanation of A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Admiralty, that since the number is not definitely known it is better neither to underestimate nor overestimate it.

This is only one of the several topics on which the press is virtually silent, except to reproduce the comment of foreign papers. American newspaper readers are daily presented with more and more supported discussions of matters relating to the British navy of which not a line appears in print here. Recently some of the London papers republished from an American paper an article about a new aircraft constructed to fight Zeppelins. It was passed by the press bureau with the observation that it could in no degree vouch for the accuracy of any of the statements therein.

When the American papers were printing references to the net across the English Channel, describing it even to the name of the makers, there was not a word about it in the British press. Indeed, it would be an almost startling experience if a London publisher should be permitted to print any of the many articles about the British navy that are appearing frequently in the American journals.

## ARMENIANS TAKE REFUGE IN PERSIA

Large Numbers Flee from Asia  
Minor in Pitiable Condition.

London, Oct. 14.—Patrick W. J. Stevens, British Consul at Batum, Russian Transcaucasia, reports the arrival at Urmiah, Persia, and in the Caucasus of a large number of Armenian refugees from Asia Minor. They are in a pitiable condition, Mr. Stevens reports.

The refugees declare that Turkish troops have ravaged Sassanah, thirty-five miles northwest of Batum, which was the scene of a massacre of Armenians by Kurds in 1894, killing a majority of the inhabitants and the defenders of the town. Only a handful of the residents were able to flee to the mountains, where the refugees say they are doomed to perish.

## GERMANS SHOT 5,000 CIVILIANS IN BELGIUM

Havre Says Fear of Reprisal  
Suppressed Reports.

Paris, Oct. 15.—An agency dispatch from Havre says: "Over 5,000 civilians have been shot in Belgium by order of the German military authorities, according to authentic reports received by the Belgian Government. The figure is approximate and without source, because local authorities, who fear reprisals, would draw up official reports."

"The estimates so far made follow: Antwerp, 200; Brabant, 800; Flanders, 100; Hainaut, 400; Liege, 345; Luxembourg, 40; Luxembourg, 1,000; Namur, 1,800."

## THE HAGUE PLACED UNDER MARTIAL LAW

Measure Effects Only Workers  
in War Supply Trades.

The Hague, Oct. 14.—Martial law in a specified martial form was proclaimed here to-day.

The measure affects movements of workmen employed in the trades which provide military supplies. These workmen hereafter permits if they desire to go to other districts. Foreigners are not affected by the decree.

Let there be light  
and let that light  
come from an  
Edison Mazda.

You can get them  
Now at any  
Riker-Hegeman Store  
Manhattan—Harlem  
or the Bronx.

## SIGN ALLIES' LOAN AT 2 P. M. TO-DAY

Commission and Syndi-  
cate Ready to Close \$500,-  
000,000 Contract.

The contract between the Anglo-French Commission and the sixty syndicate managers for the \$500,000,000 war loan will be signed at 2 o'clock to-day at the offices of J. P. Morgan & Co. This decision was reached yesterday, following a conference at the Morgan offices between members of the commission and of the banking firm. The foreign representatives in attendance at the meeting were Lord Reading, Sir Henry Barington Smith, Basil B. Blackett, Ernest Mallet and Octave Homberg.

Lord Reading, in behalf of the commission, and all of the syndicate managers will sign the bond contract. The heads of the banks which represent the syndicate will also be present.

The commission, it was stated, will remain here a week and then probably will go to Canada. They have not yet decided whether they will sail for England from Canada or the United States. Mr. Blackett will not go to Canada, however, and probably will be busy negotiating a supplemental credit with New York banks, a project which it is hoped will be carried through after the \$500,000,000 loan has been exhausted.

After yesterday's conference in the Morgan offices Lord Reading and his associates walked up Wall Street in a body. Upon reaching Broadway one of the party suggested taking a subway train for the Biltmore Hotel, where they have been staying. Confused as to the uptown and downtown stations, they started to cross the street in front of Old Trinity and Octave Homberg, one of the French representatives, narrowly escaped being run over. A traffic policeman jumped in ahead of a loaded truck and dragged him to safety.

Payments will be made to-day at the Morgan offices for the bonds that are to be withdrawn for investment. Preparations were made yesterday to handle a big crowd of messenger boys and runners.

## MRS. MUNSON GETS TWO YEARS

Persuaded Young Teller to  
Loot Edgewater Bank of  
\$132,000.

Trenton, N. J., Oct. 14.—For her part in leading Ralph E. Lovell, the young bank teller of the Edgewater National Bank, to steal \$127,000 in cash and \$105,000 in negotiable securities, Mrs. Lillian Munson, of 3129 Broadway, New York City, received the maximum sentence of two years in the New Jersey State Prison from Federal Judge Bellstab in the Federal Court to-day. This followed Mrs. Munson's retraction of her former plea of not guilty.

The change of plea did not make the trial perfunctory, for United States Attorney Davis brought young Lovell, who is thirteen years the junior of his instigator, from state's prison, where he is serving a two-year term, to tell the story of the strange infatuation which led from love of luxury to crime.

Lovell, attired in a neat blue suit, never once looked at the handsome woman who sat only a few feet from him, dressed in a smart brown silk suit, with a toque and veil, and a feathered boa around her neck. She, on the contrary, never once took her gaze off his face.

"It was with Mrs. Munson," said Lovell, visibly disturbed, "that I took my first crack, and it was with her that I later learned cards. I met her frequently, and mostly at her request. Once she referred to me as St. Anthony. In fact, she even sent a poem to me dedicated to the saint."

Lovell then told how Mrs. Munson had conferred with him about stealing the money from the bank. "It was decided," he said, "that \$127,000 would be stolen, so I took that amount in \$20 bills in two installments. Later I took \$5,000 and then \$2,000."

"After this I took \$100,000 in securities, and it was with difficulty that I walked out of the bank. Mrs. Munson was waiting for me on the sidewalk, and I told her that it took all the nerve in me to do it. She retorted that it took no more nerve to take the money than to wait outside the bank, as she had done."

They then left for South America, and it was there that they decided to separate. Lovell went abroad and was arrested in London. Mrs. Munson went to San Francisco, where she was arrested.

Judge Bellstab asked Mrs. Munson what she had to say. She replied that she had nothing except: "I am perfectly satisfied to atone for whatever I may have committed."

Broadway **Saks & Company** 34th Street  
Specialists in Apparel for Men, Women and Children. Phone Greeley 2626  
Merchandise here announced on Sale today and tomorrow  
**Exceptional ECONOMIES for MEN**

If Style means anything—these  
**Saks Suits at \$17.50**  
mean everything to you!

¶ We purposely emphasize Style because it is a rare proposition at popular prices. Art may show style, and argument may claim it, but in the final analysis you have got to look to the clothes themselves for substantiation.

¶ When we talk about Style in a Saks Suit at \$17.50, we are talking not about the general contour of a garment which every tailoring shop is compelled to adopt, but about the creative touches we have put into it.

¶ These Saks Suits at \$17.50 this Fall are chiefly notable because they possess something which most popular-priced clothes do not. They are cut, tailored and finished with an individuality of treatment which is absolutely foreign to clothes of the popular-priced variety.

¶ They are actually, provably different—the lapels are different—the pockets are different—the cut clean through is different—and this self-same difference extends to the fabrics, which are the cleverest, snappiest patterns ever seen in the society of seventeen-dollars-and-a-half.

Stripes	Checks	Plaids
New Browns	New Grays	New Greens
Soft Roll Coats	Soft Roll Vests	Fancy Cuffs

**Men's Derby & Soft Hats at \$1.95**  
900 Hats from Our Regular \$3.00 Stock  
Every Size in both Soft Hats and Derbies, full color assortment, comprehensive variety of newest shapes and styles, best trimmings, splendid quality throughout.

**Men's Fine Neckwear at 55c**  
These Scarfs cannot be duplicated in quality, attractiveness and diversity of design and colorings in New York at anywhere near this price

All are made with the Saks—service band which prevents them from crumpling

Mogadore Silks	Repps	Persians
Persian Stripes	Brocades	Moires
Poplins	Many of the weaves are imported	

**Very exceptional Neckwear at 95c**  
In wide, generous hand-made Scarfs of exquisitely rich Persian Silks, plain weaves, Spitalfield squares, detached figure silks, heavy basket weaves, de luxe silks, in fact, wonderful for wear and beauty.

**Pajamas (regularly \$1.50) at 95c**  
Outing flannel, specially trimmed, also plain cloths in all colors, and striped, woven Madras in attractive patterns.

**Pajamas (reg. \$2 and \$2.50) at \$1.35**  
Very fine Madras or highly mercerized cloths, also extra quality, medium weight Japanese striped crepes, our own importation.

**Pajamas (regularly \$3.50) at \$1.95**  
Heavy silk-and-cotton fabrics and finest mercerized, striped or plain weaves.

**Men's Gloves at \$1.00**  
Factory samples and surplus of a great manufacturer whose trade-mark is favorably known country wide  
33 1/3 to 50% less than the regular standard price here and elsewhere  
Glace and Suede Gloves in the kinds most in demand for Fall and Winter.  
Tan cape or gray Mocha in practically all sizes.

**COTTON EXCHANGE  
TO SUBDUCE ALIENS**  
Managers Propose to Cut Privileges of Members Not Citizens.

Trouble arising from disputes between members of the New York Cotton Exchange who are not citizens has been so frequent since the beginning of the European war that the board of managers has drafted amendments to the bylaws curtailing the privileges of aliens who become members after November 1, 1915. The amendment will be considered at a meeting on October 25. It is believed the action was taken at this time by the board to prevent activities in the cotton market on the part of members acting as agents of foreign governments.

The proposed amendments, which were posted on the exchange yesterday, provide that no member elected after November 1 shall, while an alien, vote at any meeting or election of the exchange, nor be eligible to serve or act as an officer or as a member of any committee of the exchange.

No member elected after November 1 shall, while an alien, either make any contract on the exchange, or sign any contract made on the exchange, it is provided; nor will he have the power to permit any other person to do so on his behalf.

The court asked her how she had become attached to Lovell, and she said partly through infatuation. "I must have known," said the court, "that you were doing wrong and that this young man had too much money."

## FALL KILLS TWO BRITISH AVIATORS

Defect in Aeroplane Sends It  
Crashing to Earth.

London, Oct. 14.—Captain Arkwright and Lieutenant Hardy, of the Royal Flying Corps, were killed to-day near Glenside, Scotland.

The aviators had just started for the Montrose aerodrome when a defect developed in their aircraft, which crashed to the ground and was wrecked. Both officers were killed instantly.

**Czar Leaves for Front.**  
Petrograd, Oct. 14.—After a short stay at Tsarskoe-Selo the Russian Emperor left to-day for the front. He was accompanied by Crown Prince Alexis.

**U. S. RELIEF GETS  
FLANDERS CROPS**  
Germans Let Commission Distribute Food to Two Million.

The Hague, Oct. 14.—The chief of the German army staff in the east and west Flanders zone announces that an arrangement for the provisioning of about 2,000,000 Belgian civilians in that district has been concluded with Herbert C. Hoover, Oscar T. Crosby and Julius A. Van Hee, vice consul at Ghent, representing the American Relief Commission.

The German authorities have requisitioned at fixed prices the cereal and root crops over a stated allowance for the family and animals of each grower. The whole of these crops, except oats and rye, will be handed over to the commission for distribution. In the place of oats and rye the Germans will furnish the commission with wheat.

In exchange the commission undertakes to import wheat sufficient to make up the deficit, together with the usual ration of bacon, lard, rice and fodder. The daily average of imports by the commission into this section amounts to about 1,000 tons.

The arrangement providing for the distribution of the harvest to the 4,500,000 people under the jurisdiction of the German Governor General, Von Bissing, which was made some time ago, is operating smoothly. It is reported that an arrangement of the same cooperative character has been effected between the German General Staff and the commission, providing for the taking over of the crops for 2,500,000 French civilians in the occupied portion of France.

The commission is now importing into these districts \$10,000,000 worth of wheat a month. Half of this comes from the United States and the rest from Argentina, India and other places.

## Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue  
**Men's Clothing Shop**  
8 West 38th St.—Store Floor.

**Men's Fall Suits**  
For Young Men and Men, 33 to 46 Chest

Approved custom tailor models, finest imported and domestic fabrics.  
**18.50 to 45.00**

**Cutaway Coat and Vest**  
Silk Braid Bound, Silk Lined

FOR MEN OR YOUNG MEN, 34 TO 44 CHEST  
Hand tailored new English model, of black or Oxford Vicuna, silk braid bound; silk lined, including sleeves and vest back.

**30.00**  
TO-DAY at Special Price

**Men's Hand Tailored Suits**  
Sleeves Silk Lined—Approved Custom Tailor Models

Two, three or four button models of the newest invisible Overplads, Overplads combined with Stripes, Pencil or Combination Stripes, Checked Velour, Oxford Vicuna, English Tweed or Navy Serge. 33 to 46 chest.

**20.00 Regular Price 27.50**  
London-Made

**Men's "Carmoor" Overcoats**  
Fall Overcoats—For Immediate Wear

Newest London Slip-On, Box or Raglan models made by the makers of the highest grade English Overcoats, of English Invisible Overplaid Covert Cloth, Tweed, Irish Homespun and high grade Invisible Overplaid fabrics. 32 to 46 chest.

**22.50 and 28.00**  
TO-DAY at Special Price

**Men's Silk-lined Overcoats**  
Fall Overcoats, Chesterfield Model

Hand tailored, of Black or Oxford Vicuna; silk lined throughout, plain or silk lapel. 33 to 46 chest.  
**16.50**

**\$500.  
Reward**

OF course you might have found it hard to name the murderer of Mrs. Fisher two weeks ago.

Why?—Because all the witnesses had disappeared. But now—

They've located Jimmy, the butler.

He's going to tell all he knows.

Put down these clues in your little red book. Remember, there's still time to win the \$500 reward, but you've got to hurry!

New readers will find all the facts and evidence they need in this week's issue.

Get your copy with your evening paper to-night.

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Week**

The first Illustrated 3c weekly in America

**Every Newsstand**

"More cups in a pound, make 100 in a cup."

**Mansion Coffee**  
Best at 24c a pound

(Making seventy-two cups)  
Money Back on Request  
Five Pounds Delivered Free

**ALICE FOOTE MACDOUGALL**  
"The Only Woman Coffee Importer"

138 Front Street.

**AMERICAN HELD AS SPY**  
Westmann, Who Once Served in U. S. Coast Guard, Seized by British.

Mobile, Ala., Oct. 14.—Frank Westmann, said to be an American, is reported by his wife to have been taken off the Norwegian steamer Dictator, at Belize, British Honduras, suspected of being a German spy. Mrs. Westmann says that she has papers to prove her husband's citizenship.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Coast guard service records show that Frank Westmann enlisted at Mobile in 1898, giving his birthplace as Parrow, Germany. He was then a German subject. He was discharged from the service in 1909 for physical disability.

Sentenced for \$65,000 Theft.  
Judge Mulqueen sentenced Nicholas Cella, a real estate operator, of 235 East 118th Street, to from five to ten years in Sing Sing yesterday. The prisoner was found guilty of having stolen approximately \$65,000 entrusted to him by wealthy Italians. He lost it in Wall Street.